

White Raves, ordered to present it.

The Week before last the Earl of Chatham received in his retirement at Burton Pymont, a packet from the King of Prussia; but whether on public or private affairs is not known. His Prussian Majesty has long done the British Cincinnatus the honour of corresponding with him; and, we are told, has on many important occasions, condescended to ask the advice of that truly great man.

Advices from Cologne say, all is in motion in Westphalia; a camp is marked out near Hamburg, about five leagues from Brunswick, for an army of 30,000 Prussians. Another camp is marked out near Hildesheim, and another body of troops is filing off for Silesia.

Letters from Gibraltar advise, that the Emperor of Morocco has demanded of the governor of that fort, twenty pieces of brass cannon, besides a quantity of ammunition.

Yesterday morning an express was dispatched to the Queen of Denmark at Zell. *Extra of a letter from Warsaw, Jan. 30.*

"A fresh disturbance is likely to arise here, and if it does, we expect the worst consequences. The ministers of the three powers, which are now in possession of this kingdom, have insisted that a *Sensatus consilium* shall be held immediately, and the King has issued out warrants accordingly; but the chief of the army, the civil magistrates, and most of the nobility, have protested against it, and declare publicly, that they will never give any more assistance to his Majesty, unless he holds a national diet directly. The foreign minister, and the Polish chiefs, are equally obstinate, and we have the greatest fear of the affair ending in bloodshed."

Feb. 3. Lord Chatham, we are told; a few days ago, prophesied as follows: That before Christmas next, the princes of the blood of England would alarm government more than ever the Princes of the blood of France did that government. This seems rather mysterious; and it it always remains so, so much the better for this Nation.

We have learnt from good authority, that private messengers have been passing and repassing very frequently between the courts of France, Spain and Portugal; for these last seven weeks; and that several augmentations have been made in the last mentioned kingdom, which cannot be considered in any other light than as being a prelude to a speedy rupture with some power.

Feb. 4. Tuesday afternoon, between four and five o'clock, the long subsisting difference between Lord Townshend and the Earl of Bellamont, was finally decided in Mary le bone Fields, when the latter received a ball in the right side: a belly, near his groin. They were armed with small swords, and a case of pistols; but it was agreed to use the latter first. Lord Townshend fired first, which gave the unfortunate wound, and Lord Bellamont discharged his pistol immediately after without effect. The seconds were the Hon. Mr. D—n for Lord Townshend, and Lord L—n for Lord Bellamont. Lord Bellamont was immediately taken up, and put into a chaise, but from the agony arising from his wound, he could not bear the motion: A chair was therefore instantly sent for, and he was with great pain put into it, and carried to his lodgings, where, when he arrived, he desired to be laid on his back. Mr. Bromfield, and other surgeons were immediately called in, who endeavoured, but in vain, for a long time to extract the ball.

The noble Peers behaved to each other in the field with great politeness. When they had taken their ground, Lord B. took off his hat, which was returned by Lord T. who asked his antagonist which he chose should fire first. Lord B. answered, he begged Lord T. would, which was immediately complied with.

About one o'clock this day, Lord Bellamont's case was thought very desperate. The ball was not then extracted, nor the surgeons able to trace it. His Lordship keeps in a kind of sitting posture, as any other occasions him great torture. He speaks very highly of the behaviour of Lord Townshend, at the time of the engagement.

The ball which wounded Lord B. fell down between the intestines of the muscles of the thigh, it penetrated the lower part of the belly, near what the anatomists call the ring of the abdominal artery, and narrowly missed the inguinal artery, which if it had wounded, must have proved instant death.

When the report of Lord Bellamont's being wounded reached St. James's, a great personage pathetically exclaimed, "Unhappy nation, where the loss of life is deemed a satisfaction for an imaginary wound of honour."

The King since the duel on Tuesday, has, we hear, been that up for two hours with Lord North, considering of some method to pay the manual decisions of honour; and it is said, not more highly to the credit of the Prince than to the honour of the Minister.

Feb. 19. Yesterday morning between 4 and 5 o'clock, a terrible fire broke out at Mrs. Collier's and Jewson's, milliners in Bishopsgate Street, which entirely consumed that and two other houses backwards. It is supposed there were 13 persons in the house, out of whom only 3 have yet been found that have escaped: A maid servant and Miss Milne jumped out of the Windows, fractured their skulls and died instantly. Mrs. Jewson is one that is missing; Mr. Jewson, who escaped, remains in a state of insanity from the fright. One of the bodies was last night dug out without head or arms. A servant the evening before, desired the Watchmen to ring the bell before he went off in the morning, but he, when he went to do it, seeing a light in the kitchen, concluded the family were up, and therefore went off without ringing the bell. The family had been before remarkable careful of fire, but having sat up late and been fatigued, in preparing dresses for the masquerade, omitted their usual precaution; so many lives have hardly ever before been known to be lost in this city, from a fire that did not spread further.

Feb. 20. Lord Bellamont is now so well recovered, that Dr. Heberden, and Messrs. Hawkins and Tamkys, his surgeons, allow him to drink wine and live in his usual manner. His wound is not yet cicatrized, but has every salutary appearance that can be wished for.

Feb. 23. The following is the most exact account that has yet appeared of particulars at the above unhappy fire, viz. On Thursday morning a little before 6, a sawyer going to work, heard a crackling like something burning, which he told to a person passing by, and stopping down, both of them saw the kitchen in flames, and immediately alarmed the family. The first person who awoke was a man servant, up 3 pair of stairs, in whose room the bell hung. He ran first to the room door of his master who answered him, then to that of Mr. Jewson, and after alarming him had just time to make a precipitant retreat out of the window on a beam, into the window of a public house back of Mrs. Collier's. While on the beam, he perceived two of the young women attending him; one of them begged him to assist her in saving her life, which he did, but in her fright missing her hold she fell into the Little Court, was much bruised, but escaped with life. The other was supposed to be Miss Smith, sister and partner to Mrs. Collier, who, before she could reach the window, sunk with part of the House into the flames; and was seen no more. Mr. Jewson on opening his chamber door found the smoke and flames ascending very fast, and calling to his wife to follow him, he groped his way into the dining room; got out of the window and was taken down face into the street, but before his wife could reach the window, the floor gave way, and she, together with the unfortunate mother and mistress of the house, a maid servant, and miss noble in appearance, sunk into the ruins and perished in the flames; another maid servant and Miss Milne, hung themselves out of a two pair of Stairs window, and were killed on the spot, so that out of 11 persons who went to bed over night in perfect health, and seeming security, only 3 were alive at 7 in the morning, and one of them most violently bruised. The remains of the unhappy sufferers are placed in 2 coffins to be interred together. The catastrophe was occasioned by leaving a large fire, which was communicated to some clothes left on a horse to dry.

St. James's Feb. 25. This evening the ceremony of christening of the young Prince was performed in the Great Chamber, by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury. His Royal Highness was named Augustus Frederick.

The Sponsors were His Serene Highness the Duke of Saxe-Gotha, represented by the Earl of Hertford, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household; his Serene Highness Prince George of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, represented by the Earl of Bristol, Groom of the Stole; And her Serene Highness Princess Louisa of Hesse Cassel, represented by Viscountess Weymouth, Lady of her Majesty's Bedchamber in waiting.

We can assure our readers from good authority, that the Bank have come to a resolution not to refuse taking any Portugal money, provided it be good, so that the circulation of that coin, which has lately been almost entirely stopped, will without doubt speedily become as general as ever.

March 4. The Earl of Bellamont was better yesterday than the preceding day; but is relaxed again, and seems to be in great danger.

"It does not seem probable that Lord Bellamont should be in any dangerous situation as the news passed for some days past reported, for Lord Bellamont was yesterday at Drury Lane, and on Sunday night, and appeared in the theatre with the company in the usual manner."

Feb. 20. The Palmier, a French ship of 74 guns is foundered in the Gulf of Florida, and all on board perished.

Feb. 21. Letters from Jamaica

were informed by the Lord in waiting, that they could not be admitted to see his Royal Highness, that he had, however, as usual, sent them a purse of 100 guineas for the use of their charity school. This treatment gave very great offence.

The Principality of Wales having lost its privilege of addressing the eldest son of the King as usual; it is thought he will relinquish the title of P. of W. for that of Duke of Edinburgh, and Lord of the Orkneys.

Whoever it was (says a correspondent) that advised a certain great Personage, so to forget himself as to slight the annual voluntary compliments of the ancient Britons, deserves the hardest epithet language can bestow, and the supreme contempt of every generous, loyal and free spirited subject in the three kingdoms; but it is to be accounted for, since it does not appear that any of the flimsy addressers were among the above most respectable body, either last year or this.

The same correspondent supposes, from precedents, that if a beggarly deputation from a paltry Scotch borough had presented an address, they had been "most graciously received," and he adds, that he thinks the Gentlemen of Wales have a superior right to address his—, to declare who were the persons who advised so unnecessary, so unmerited, so wanton, so weak, and so glaring an insult on the customary effusions of loyalty and attachment, from a brave and loyal people; but who perhaps are not in favour with a certain family, because they have never appeared in rebellion against them.

It is said that a fleet will soon be ordered up the Baltick, under the command of an eminent sea commander, to give due weight to some late remonstrances.

The 4th Battalion of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, now quartered in Chatham Barracks, commanded by Colonel Ord, are ordered to hold themselves in readiness to embark for America, to relieve the 1st Battalion of the said Regiment, commanded by Lieut. Gen Belford.

We are assured the augmentation of the half pay Captains, &c. which will shortly take place, by authority of Parliament, will be as follows, viz. 20 Captains will be added to the 100: list; 30 ditto to the 80: list; and the others post Captains, with the masters and commanders, at 60: a day each.

It is remarkable, that while all the powers in Europe declare their intentions to be altogether inextinguishable, they are all as vigorously exerting themselves in military preparations, as if they were upon the very eve of a war. France and Spain are increasing their forces, both by land and sea. The Emperor of Germany, the Empress of Russia and the King of Prussia, have each powerful armies all ready for action. The Swedes, and Danes are assiduous in augmenting their forces, and putting them in the best order for actual service; so are the States General, the King of Portugal; the Republic of Venice; the Emperor of Morocco, &c. It is reported the negotiations at Bucharest for peace between the Turks and Russians are broken off. Be that as it will, it is certain the Turks are as diligent as they have ever been during the war, in raising forces and putting their army and fortifications into the best condition. So that from appearances, we have reason to apprehend the renewal of hostilities, and that they will be as fierce and general as ever were known.

The ministry carry every question as they please in the House of Commons. It is said, the East-India Company cannot prevail to have the duty on tea taken off, though it is fallen in London as low as 1s. 10d. per lb and is in danger of being utterly spoiled.

S H I P N E W S

Feb. 18. The Gyloway, Bishoppick, from Maryland, for London, is ashore near Boulogne.

The Port Maria, Atkins from Jamaica, for London, lost her rudder at sea and was so leaky that on the 30th of Jan. Lat. 49, Lon. 17, 30, the Capt. and crew left her and got on board the Woodbridge, Thomas, who is arrived at Dover; from Virginia.

The Nancy, Orr, arrived at Liverpool, on the 8th Feb. lat. 48, 17, lon. 5, 14, spoke with the Ostridge, with passengers for Carolina, all well. There were 20 sail in company with her.

The Absent Friend, Ferguson, from Maryland for Liverpool, was on the 19th Jan. driven on shore at Longkendale, but will be got off without much damage. Eight or 9 vessels driven on shore at the same time, and place, are all lost.

Feb. 19. The Adventure, Smith, from Cape Fear for Hull, is arrived at Dover, having met with bad weather, off the Banks of Newfoundland, which obliged them to throw part of their cargo overboard.

Feb. 23. The Terpsichore, a French frigate of 32 guns, with troops for the Island of Bourbon, was lately lost off the Cape of Corunna, and every soul on board perished.

Feb. 20. The Palmier, a French ship of 74 guns is foundered in the Gulf of Florida, and all on board perished.

Feb. 21. Letters from Jamaica

lost in the Gulf of Florida, and that all their crews perished.

A large vessel with about 500 hhds. of tobacco on board is lost on Pembrey Sands, near Lanelli, in Carmarthenshire, and all the crew perished. No papers are yet found, but a plank on which is the word *Pempey*, is come on shore from the wreck.

A sloop, Lewis, Farquhar, master, laden with tobacco from Maryland for Liverpool, is ashore near Edinburgh, but expected to be got off without much damage.

From South Carolina, are arrived, the Betty, Muir; at Cowes: The Amity, Ash; and London, Curling; at Gravesend.

On the 26th Feb. the Brig Polly and Nancy, of Dartmouth, John Salvery, master, was driven on shore, near Abbotsbury. Doflet, the cargo supposed to be salt; the crew all perished.

For South Carolina, the John and James, Baker; from Plymouth, is put into Penzance, with the loss of the main-mast, and one man, drowned; and the Queen Charlotte, Rose, from London, damaged and put into Cows, to refit.

For Boston, from London, the Beaver, Coffin; at Deal. The General Wolfe, Hill, the latter having lost her anchors and cables on Romney Marsh, is put into Dover pier to refit.

From North Carolina, the Ranger, Campbell, for Bristol, was lost the 18th March, on the Fingers. Three of the people are brought to Bristol, by Capt. White, from Cape Fear. From the same place, the Ann, Crow, is arrived at Plymouth.

From London, the Sufanna, Dobbie, for Virginia, at Deal.

The Walworth, McCausland from Philadelphia, in 26 days, was run ashore in a violent storm the 20th Jan. near Londonderry, but they are unloading her, and hope the ship will be got off without damage.

The Industry, Sawyer from Philadelphia, to Drogheda, was lost in the bay of Dayle, on the night of the 17th of January, and several of the hands perished.

The Woodbridge, Thomas, from Maryland, in lat. 40 N. and lon. 59 W. parted with the Polly, M'Arthur, for Maryland to Glasgow, all well.

The Thomas, Callahan, for London to Boston, is put into Chatham since the storm.

Brecon, Jan. 29. The following is an extract of a letter received from a person who lives at St. David's in Pembrokeshire, near the place where the melancholy scene happened. "On Monday night the 18th of January, the ship *Phoebe* of 200 tons burthen, from Philadelphia to Newry in Ireland, laden with linseed, &c. was driven by a storm near the rocks of St. Elvis, within a mile of Solva harbour, in St. Bride's Bay, where she let go her anchor; and as soon as it was day she was descried by the people of Solva, when four stout, dextrous seamen, Henry John, William Mortimer, William Wilcock, and Peter Richards, went out of Solva harbour, to assist the ship or bring the people on shore. Finding it impossible to save the ship, they brought some of the people off, and landed them safe at Solva. They returned again to the ship and brought another boat load off. Among that number was a young gentleman, lately married, who begged of them, to bring his wife the next trip. He eagerly waited to receive her; but as they were coming through the eastern sound, a dreadful sea broke upon them and turned the boat upside down, and our good humane neighbours, this young lady, and a woman with a child at her breast, perished in sight of numbers of distressed spectators. I must not pretend to picture the scene of grief and lamentation that ensued; but I cannot omit telling you that the unhappy stranger exclaimed,—"Oh! my dearest Fanny, thou didst quit the best of parents to follow me;—unknown to them I took thee away;—I alone am accessory to thy death."—How shall I inform them of thy destiny?" In distraction he tore a parcel of letters he had in his hand. Soon after this affecting accident, the Captain of the ship and several others were coming in the ship's boat, but she shared the same fate as the others; but the Captain and three others got astride the keel of the boat, one of whom was taken off with the Captain; one swam ashore, and the third was picked up by another Solva boat, which, in spite of all dangers, put off to their relief. From what I can learn, there are 21 lives lost, some were women and children. The four brave men who went out to the relief of the ship, were people of most excellent characters in their stations."

Turin, Feb. On Wednesday evening the 17th inst. about 6 o'clock, his Sardinian Majesty was taken ill, and at two the next morning he lost his speech, and apparently all kind of sensation, not taking any nourishment from that time, or showing any other Sign of life, than barely continuing to breathe, till near one o'clock the morning, when he expired, as sincerely lamented by all his subjects, as he had so lately lived beloved and respected by them, leaving a reign of upwards of 40 years.

mournful event, and purpose to remove from hence to-morrow to the Veneria for some days.

THEATRE.

By Permission of his Excellency the GOVERNOR;

AT the Theatre in JOHN STREET, on Friday the 16th of April, will be presented, a new Comedy, never performed there, called the

WEST-INDIAN.

To which will be added,

MISS IN HER TEENS.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

TOLAN on board the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence; a red Morocco Pocket-Book, with a silver Clasp, containing some Papers—amongst which is a Note of Hand, of Jane Duncan, in favour of John Moore, for £. 25. 5s. Jamaica Currency—Also two other Notes, amounting to £. 7. 10s. Whoever will deliver the said Book, Notes, and Papers, to the Printer heretofore, shall have the above Reward, and no Questions asked. N. B. The Papers will be of no Use but to the Owner, and the Payment of the Notes will be stopped.

BOSTON, April 8.

Lieut. Joseph Baker, from Woburn, arrived in town with his remarkable large ox, on Tuesday last. This ox is supposed to be as large and as fat as any ever raised in America. its weight is 2548 lb.

NEW-HAVEN, April 2.

Last Wednesday morning, about sun-rise, we had hard thunder in several towns in this colony.—At Litchfield, one Zachariah Bates, of that town, was struck dead instantly by Lightning.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 18. To his Excellency the Right Honourable JOHN Earl of DUNMORE, his Majesty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the Colony and Dominion of Virginia, and Vice Admiral of the same:

The humble ADDRESS of the House of BURGESS.

My LORD,

WE, his Majesty's dutiful subjects, beg leave to present your Excellency our sincere thanks for your attention to the interest of this colony, by vigorously endeavouring to bring the forgers of our paper currency to justice; but the proceedings in this case my Lord, though rendered necessary by the particular nature of it, are, nevertheless, different from the usual mode, it being regular, that an examining court on criminals should be held, either in the county where the fact was committed, or the arrest made. The duty we owe our constituents obliges us, my Lord, to be as attentive to the safety of the innocent, as we are desirous of punishing the guilty, and we apprehend that a doubtful construction and various execution of criminal laws, does greatly endanger the safety of innocent men. We do therefore most humbly pray your Excellency, that the proceedings in this case may not, in future, be drawn into consequence or example.

To which his EXCELLENCY was pleased to return the following ANSWER: Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Burgesses.

AS I have always made the laws of the country the rule of my conduct, I acted in this affair with the greatest caution, and took the advice and assistance of Gentlemen in whose judgment, candour, and integrity, I could confide. In apprehending and bringing to justice the forgers of your paper currency, I little imagined, when I was endeavouring to punish the guilty, that my conduct could, by any means, be thought to endanger the safety of the innocent. Permit me to say that all laws, doubtful in their construction, must be interpreted by the courts of justice. If I have done amiss, the same method will not be repeated; but if it should be determined to be regular, I shall continue to exercise the powers I am vested with, whenever the exigencies of government, and the good of the country, require such exertion; and under such circumstances, I am persuaded that no one (even the most timid) will be under the least apprehension that this proceeding may, in future, be drawn into consequence or example.

Extracts from the Journal of the Honourable the House of Burgesses.

FRIDAY, March 12, 1773.

UPON a motion made, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, upon the state of the colony. Mr. Speaker left the chair. Mr. Bland took the chair of the committee. Mr. Speaker resumed the chair. Mr. Bland reported from the committee, that they had directed him to make the following report to the house, viz:

Whereas the minds of his Majesty's faithful subjects in this colony have been much disturbed, by various rumours, and reports of proceedings, tending to deprive them of their ancient, legal, and constitutional rights:

And whereas the affairs of this colony are frequently interrupted, with those of Great Britain, and the neighbouring colonies, which tend to a communication of sentiments, in order therefore to remove the same, and to give the

minds of the people, as well as for the other good purposes above mentioned:

Be it resolved, that a standing committee of correspondence and inquiry be appointed, to consist of eleven persons, to wit, the Honourable Peyton Randolph, Esq; Robert Carter Nicholas, Richard Bland, Richard Henry Lee, Benjamin Harrison, Edmund Pendleton, Patrick Henry, Dudley Digges Dabney Carr, Archibald Cary, and Thomas Jefferson, Esquires, and six of whom to be a committee, whose business it shall be to obtain the most early and authentic intelligence of all such acts and resolutions of the British Parliament, or proceedings of Administration, as may relate to, or effect the British colonies in America; and to keep up and maintain a correspondence and communication with our sister colonies, respecting these important considerations; and the result of such their proceedings, from time to time, to lay before this house.

Resolved, That it be an instruction to the said committee that they do, without delay, inform themselves particularly of the principles and authority, on which was constituted a court of inquiry, said to have been lately held in Rhode Island, with powers to transport persons, accused of offences committed in America, to places beyond the seas, to be tried.

The said resolutions, being severally read a second time, were, upon the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the house nemine contradicente.

Resolved, That the Speaker of this house do transmit to the Speakers of the different Assemblies of the British Colonies, on this continent, copies of the said resolutions, and desire that they will lay them before their respective assemblies, and request them to appoint some person or persons, of their respective bodies to communicate, from time to time, with the said committee.

Monday last his Excellency the Governor, after giving his assent to several public and private bills, was pleased to make the following Speech:

Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Burgesses.

AS you have now gone through the business for which you were assembled, and having nothing further to transact, you at present, it becomes necessary to put an end to this session of Assembly, and I recommend to you to use your utmost efforts, in your several counties, to cherish that spirit of Gaming, which, I am afraid, but too generally prevails among the people, and to substitute, in its place, a love of agriculture, and attention to private affairs, by which you will render a most essential service to them and your country. I do prorogue you to the third Thursday in June next, and you are accordingly adjourned to Thursday the seventeenth instant.

NEW-YORK, April 15.

Monday Afternoon last week, the House of Mr. George Moore, at Middle-Brook, Somerset County, East New-Jersey, took fire, and in 3 Hours Time was entirely consumed, with all the Plate and Furniture. This unfortunate Gentleman by this Accident is reduced to Poverty.

The Sloop Mississippi, Capt. Goodrich, with a Company of General Lyman's Military Adventurers on board, is arrived at Pensacola.

Thursday last the Ship Mars, a Three-Decker, of 350 Tons, was launched at our Ship Yards: She is commanded by Capt. William Curtis, designed for the Jamaica and London Trade, was built by Messrs. Seamans, and is esteemed as complete a Ship as ever was built in this Province.

Saturday last arrived the Sloop Dilpatch, Sylvester Thompson Master, who informs, that he sailed from Cape Fear, in North-Carolina, the 1st of January last bound for New-York, that on the 19th of the said Month, being then to the Northward of Cape Hatteras, they met with a very hard Gale of Wind at N. N. E. which obliged them to put into Ocracoke; that on the 27th of the said Month, they sailed from thence with a strong Gale at S. W. and proceeded as far as the Lat. 39. 5 North, Lon. 73. 48 West, where they met with a very severe Gale of Wind at W. N. W. which obliged them to lie to under a balanced reefed Mainfall; that about Half past seven the following Morning, the Wind blowing very hard, with a heavy sea, there came a Lull for the Space of three or four Minutes, and the Vessel, for Want of proper Drift, in the Lull shipped a heavy Sea in the Belly of the Mainfall, which over- set her, and carried away the Boar, Binnacle, Cabole, and every Thing on the Deck also a new Cable, and tore the Mainfall all to Pieces; that having shipped a great Quantity of Water in the Fore Scuttle, it carried away the Bulk Head of the Fore Castle into the Hold, which obliged them to put back into Cape Fear, in Order to rest, &c.

At the Superior Court, which was held on the latter End of March, was tried, wherein Messrs. Clark and Wright, ingals, Merchants, were Plaintiffs, and Charles Dudley, Esq. Collector of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of New-York, was Defendant. The Plaintiff's Cause was for the recovery of the Cash, for the

Post Entry, sundry West India Goods, imported by them in June last, by which Means the said Goods were seized and forfeited. The Jury brought in a special Verdict, which was determined by the Court in Favour of the Plaintiffs, Five Hundred Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Seven Pence Sterling Damages, and Costs of suit. The Collector has appealed home.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated April 3, 1773.

"I likewise acquaint you, that I have seen John Wall executed Yesterday, for being in Connection with those who counterfeited the Paper Currency of this province; two others were hanged with him for that Fact. Wall was a hardened Villain, and I believe a great Rogue; as he hung on the Gallows, I had the Curiosity to take up his Cap, and saw, as I before heard, that he was cropp'd. Such Work as he and his fellow prisoners made the day before they were executed, was never known here before; they got off their Bolts in the Night, and made their Escape out of Goal, but were soon apprehended, and their Irons renewed; the next Morning (when they were to be executed) they had them off again, barred the Room they were confined in, bid Defiance to the Sheriff, and his party, and were determined to kill any person that should attempt to take them out; the Militia and the whole city was obliged to be got under arms. Wall and his two Fellows kept them off, and none dare go in. As they were to die at any Rate, Wall set fire to the Goal, and expected to die so; but the Inhabitants soon brought the Engines, and extinguished it. His next contrivance was this: He got about two pounds of Powder from some malicious Fellow, put it in a Bottle, and had a Match to put to it when the Sheriff or any other person dare venture in. They thus kept the City in an Uproar for some Time; at last a Party sud broke in upon them, and according to Scheme, he fixed his Match to the Bottle, which he held in his Hand, but through the Mercy of Providence, the Powder did not take Fire. After which they were carried to the Gallows and executed according to their Desert. Wall seemed to die a Penitent, and sung Psalms at the Place of execution."

Monday Evening the Ship Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, arrived in 5 Weeks from the Downs, who on his Passage the 5th Inst. Lat. 37. 50, spoke with a Brig. Captain from Bolton bound to Guadaloupe, out 7 Days; the 9th Lat. 39. 4, the Ship Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Melnard from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The Ship London, Capt. Chambers, and the Snow Sir William Johnson, Capt. Dean, sailed the Day before Capt. Lawrence. Capt. Joseph Janney, of this Place, came Passenger with Capt. Lawrence.

Yesterday Capt. Waterman, arrived from North-Carolina, who, on the 11th Instant, spoke with a Ship, Capt. Isaac Hall, from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The same Day the Brig Jamaica, Capt. Farquhar, arrived in 24 Days from Jamaica, who on his Passage spoke with the following Vessels, viz: March 26, Lat. 20 22, a Brig, Capt. Thomson, from Kingston, bound to South Carolina; 30th, Lat. 25 52, a Brig, Capt. John Adams from Green Island, bound to Bolton; April 3d, a Brig from Kingston, bound to North Carolina; 5th, a Sloop from Jamaica, bound to North Carolina; 6th, Lat. 27 49, a Snow, Capt. Philip Stevens from Jamaica, bound to Georgia; 10th, a Ship, Captain Mason from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The same Day the Ship Rosamond, Capt. Millar, arrived in 5 Weeks and 2 Days from London, with whom came Passengers, Mrs. Millar, Miss Edwards, Miss Evans and Mr. Lloyd Daubeny. Capt. Millar, the 26th March, Lat. 46 21, spoke a Ship from South Carolina, bound to Cowes.

ARRIVALS from NEW-YORK.

The New-York, Watson, at Bristol. Experiment, Robson, at Shields. Mercury Packet, Dillen, at Falmouth. Albany, Bunyan, and Samson, Cooper, at Gravesend. Beaver, De Puyler, River, Buchanan, Moddy, Newry, Havana, Hamilton, at Dublin. and St. George, Griswold at Deal. From Philadelphia, Ketty, Davis, at Ferrol. Charming Polly, Cooper, at Liverpool. Johnny, Havas, at Londonderry. Lion, Hamilton, at Groyne. Severn, Hathorn, at Leghorn, after being on Shire. Priscilla, Jones, at Cork. Prince George, Campbell, at Galloway, and Peggy, Wilton, at Cadiz.

From Bolton. Lydis, Hood, and Minerva Jenkins at Gravesend; and Dartmouth, Hall in the Downs.

To be SOLD, A PARCEL of choice Jamaica Spirits now landing from on board the Brig Jamaica, Capt. Farquhar.

LONDON.

EARL OF

MOORE, Capt.

ABEEL and BYVANCK;

At the Sign of the Golden Spade, Near the Coenties Market and Albany Pier, Have for sale, reasonably, both wholesale and retail, imported by the last vessels from London and Bristol.

A Large assortment of iron-mongery and cutlery wares, amongst which articles are, the different ones used by joiners, carpenters, shoe-makers, black smiths, coopers, masons, &c. &c. Nails of all sorts, by the cast or retail; tacks, brads, glue, locks, hinges, bolts, and every article in that way, necessary to complete a building; six feet steel plate mill saws, Dutch do. in sets, cross cut and wood cutters, saws, spades, shovels, shovel and spade blades; frying and dripping pans, shovels and toasty chaffing dishes, grid-irons, ladles, bellowses, brushes and brooms of many sorts; brass, iron, and japan'd candlesticks and snuffers; pewter plates, dishes and spoons, brass, pewter and paper ink pots; ink powder, penny weights and grains, brass scales and weights, scale beams and teryards; curry and mane combs, horse fleams, sponges and brushes, ivory and horn combs; a very large assortment of the best and common fishhooks, fishing rods, reels and lines, drag, race, jack and squibet chairs; rat and mouse traps; houle, cow, sheep and sled bells with springs and cranks; brass, gilt, japan'd and iron knockers; slate and slate pencils, sealing-wax and wafers; powder and shot, shot belts and powder flasks, flints, gunlocks and barrels, straw knives, waffle irons, gardeners shears for trimming trees, &c. very neat coffin furniture; saddles and saddle strings, brass and you wire, bellows pipes and nails, gold leaf, Harlem oil, Turbigoon's balsam and Nureburgh salve; brass, japan'd and steel tobacco boxes, snuff do. a large assortment of buckles and buttons; majesties, black beads, corals, brass spoons, spinnet and machine wax, sheep shears, fisher, tickles, powder, dust in small caps, corn fans, net and sewing twine; resins, Swedes and bloomery iron, London, German, and miller's steel; anvils, vices and beck irons, hoop iron, iron pots and kettles, tea kettles, stew pans, skillets, griddles, cart and wagon boxes, allum, blunfouse and copperas, looking glasses and japan'd ware; list carpeting and their cloth, gloves and common needles, fall do. and palms.

N. B. They will take bariron in payment for any of the above goods.

JOHN ARTHUR,

Nearly opposite Col. William Wallen's, above Peck's Slip.

Has received by the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, from London, a Variety of Goods, which he will sell on the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail; amongst which are,

MENS white, black, and

newest fashion combed ribb'd and plain silk hose some of which are above five and of the first quality, womens white silk hose with embroidered clocks mens ribb'd and plain brown and white thread hose from 5s. to 12s. a pair, womens white thread and cotton hose from 5s. 6d. to 12s. a pair, boys brown thread hose of all sizes, mens and womens worsted hose of various kinds; white and brown thread breeches patterns, and some of the best thread superfine black, worsted do. mens single caps; mens best buck, doe Woodcock wath, gran tan, heaver and white and black lamb gloves; fine brown thread do womens orange colour, purple and white kid and lamb gloves and mitts, beaver and black lamb do. girls colour'd gloves and mitts of all sizes, womens black and white patent and other silk gloves and mitts; thread laces, black and white blond do. narrow thread edging for scolloping, an assortment of fashionable ribbons black love do. French and Venetian pearl necklaces and ear rings of the newest kind, do. hair pins, plain cyprus and silk gause and catgut, valarens, patent and other fashionable net, and figurd gausse, green musquito net; a few ladies head dresses of the newest patterns womens and childrens fans of various kinds; black, white, pink, green and blue peacocks and Persian; black, white, and blue figured satins, modes and farfists; black, white and colour'd halandine sewing silks, green net silk purples, best pound and paper pins of all sizes; skeleton and piece wire, hair powder, lip salve, sticking plaster, wash balls and boxes, pomatum, shaving boxes and brushes; lavender and Hungary water, Turbington's genuine balsam of life; buckle, tooth and comb brushes; writing paper, best Dutch quills, red and black ink powder, best sealing wax and wafers; White Chapel, gloves and drawing needles, square glass and barrel lanterns, 3 and yard wide checks, best India spoked, rattles, and currants, large Turkey and other figs, soft shell almonds, and a large assortment of new pattern PAPER HANGINGS, and the finest Durham FLOUR OF MUSTARD, by any quantity; also the following GARDEN SEEDS warranted of the growth of last year, as, Early charlton, dwarf marrow-fat, Spanish marrow, white round and sugar dwarf peas; early sugar loaf, York and Battersea cabbage; late drum, Ruffia and Jerusalem do. green and yellow favery, Scotch cals, brown Dutch (or Madeira) imperial and cabbage lettuce; broad leaf and cur'd parsy, fall-mon and short top radish; spinage, cucumber, corn salad or fatious, peppercorn and white mustard, green cur'd, white cur'd and imperial endive or fucory; collydower, red and white beet, carrots and parsnip, broad Windsor and early hoispar beans, early salmon and other kidney beans, red Syasburg and white Spanish onion seed, chervil, Cellery, early greens, Dutch, white and red, proud turnip; broad red, white Dutch and hop clover and St. Foine seeds—Likewise may be had at the same place, any quantity of American seeds for the West-Indies.

Said John Arthur has also for sale, pepper, tea, coffee, chocolate, loaf, powder and muscovado sugars, rice, &c.

To be sold at public Vendue,

On Wednesday the 21st inst. at the Merchant's Coffee-House, or at private sale any time before;

A Very commodious house and lot of ground wherein Philip Kiffick now lives, at the upper end of Queen-Street. The house is two stories high, 30 feet wide, and 50 feet long, a very good rooming on a stone with a chimney in each end, an entry through, and a garden behind the house.

mournful event, and purpose to remove from hence to-morrow to the Ventria for some days.

THEATRE.

By Permission of his Excellency the GOVERNOR;

At the Theatre in JOHN STREET, on Friday the 16th of April, will be presented, a new Comedy, never performed there, called the

WEST-INDIAN.

To which will be added,
MISS IN HER TEENS.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

TOLAN from on board the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence; a red Morocco Pocket-Book, with a silver Clasp, containing some Papers—amongst which is a Note of Hand, of Jane Duncan, in favour of John Moore, for £. 23. 5s. Jamaica Currency—Also two other Notes, amounting to £. 7. 10s. Whoever will deliver the said Book, Notes, and Papers, to the Printer hereof, shall have the above Reward, and no Questions asked.
N. B. The Papers will be of no Use but to the Owner, and the Payment of the Notes will be stopped.
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BOSTON, April 8.

Lieut. Joseph Baker, from Weymouth, arrived in town with his remarkable large ox, on Tuesday last. This ox is supposed to be as large and as fat as any ever raised in America; its weight is 1548 lb.

NEW-HAVEN, April 2.

Last Wednesday morning, about sun rise, we had hard thunder in several towns in this colony.—At Litchfield, one Zachariah Bates, of that town, was struck dead instantly by Lightning.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 18.
To his Excellency the Right Honourable JOHN EARL of DUNMORE, his Majesty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the Colony and Dominion of Virginia, and Vice Admiral of the same:

The humble ADDRESS of the House of BURGESS.

My LORD,

WE, his Majesty's dutiful subjects, beg leave to present your Excellency our sincere thanks for your attention to the interest of this colony, by vigorously endeavouring to bring the forgers of our paper currency to justice; but the proceedings in this case my Lord, though rendered necessary by the particular nature of it, are, nevertheless, different from the usual mode, it being regular, that an examining court on criminals should be held, either in the county where the fact was committed, or the arrest made. The duty we owe our constituents obliges us, my Lord, to be as attentive to the safety of the innocent, as we are desirous of punishing the guilty, and we apprehend that a doubtful construction and various execution of criminal laws, does greatly endanger the safety of innocent men. We do therefore most humbly pray your Excellency, that the proceedings in this case may not, in future, be drawn into consequence or example.

To which his EXCELLENCY was pleased to return the following ANSWER:
Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Burgesses

AS I have always made the laws of the country the rule of my conduct, I acted in this affair with the greatest caution, and took the advice and assistance of Gentlemen in whose judgment, candour, and integrity, I could confide. In apprehending and bringing to justice the forgers of your paper currency, I little imagined, when I was endeavouring to punish the guilty, that my conduct could, by any means, be thought to endanger the safety of the innocent. Permit me to say that all laws, doubtful in their construction, must be interpreted by the courts of justice. If I have done amiss, the same method will not be repeated; but if it should be determined to be regular, I shall continue to exercise the powers I am vested with, whenever the exigencies of government, and the good of the country, require such exertion; and under such circumstances, I am persuaded that no one (even the most timid) will be under the least apprehension that this proceeding may, in future, be drawn into consequence or example.

Extracts from the Journal of the Honourable the House of Burgesses.

FRIDAY, March 12, 1773.

UPON a motion made, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole house, upon the state of the colony. Mr. Speaker left the chair.

Mr. Bland took the chair of the committee.

Mr. Speaker resumed the chair.

Mr. Bland reported from the committee, that they had directed him to make the following report to the house, viz:

Whereas the minds of his Majesty's faithful subjects in this colony have been much disturbed, by various rumours, and reports of proceedings, tending to deprive them of their ancient, legal, and constitutional rights:

And whereas the affairs of this colony are frequently connected with those of Great Britain, as well as of the neighbouring colonies, which renders a communication of sentiments necessary; in order therefore to remove the uncertainties, and to quiet the

minds of the people, as well as for the other good purposes above mentioned:

Be it resolved, that a standing committee of correspondence and inquiry be appointed, to consist of eleven persons, to wit, the Honourable Peyton Randolph, Esq; Robert Carter Nicholas, Richard Bland, Richard Henry Lee, Benjamin Harrison, Edmund Pendleton, Patrick Henry, Dudley Digges Dabney Carr, Archibald Cary, and Thomas Jefferson, Esquires, and six of whom to be a committee, whose business it shall be to obtain the most early and authentic intelligence of all such acts and resolutions of the British Parliament, or proceedings of Administration, as may relate to, or effect the British colonies in America; and to keep up and maintain a correspondence and communication with our sister colonies, respecting these important considerations; and the result of such their proceedings, from time to time, to lay before this house.

Resolved, That it be an instruction to the said committee that they do, without delay, inform themselves particularly of the principles and authority, on which was constituted a court of inquiry, said to have been lately held in Rhode Island, with powers to transport persons, accused of offences committed in America, to places beyond the seas, to be tried.

The said resolutions, being severally read a second time, were, upon the question severally put thereupon, agreed to by the house nemine contradicente.

Resolved, That the Speaker of this house do transmit to the Speakers of the different Assemblies of the British Colonies, on this continent, copies of the said resolutions, and desire that they will lay them before their respective assemblies, and request them to appoint some person or persons, of their respective bodies to communicate, from time to time, with the said committee.

Monday last his Excellency the Governor, after giving his assent to several public and private bills, was pleased to make the following Speech:

Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Burgesses

AS you have now gone through the business for which you were assembled, and having nothing further to propose to you at present, it becomes necessary to put an end to this session of Assembly, and recommend to you to use your endeavours, in your several counties, to cherish that spirit of Gaming, which, I am afraid, but too generally prevails among the people, and to substitute, in its place, a love of agriculture, and attention to private affairs, by which you will render a most essential service to them and your country. I do prorogue you to the third Thursday in June next, and you are accordingly adjourned to Thursday the seventeenth of June next.

NEW-YORK, April 15.

Monday Afternoon last, the House of Mr. George Moore, in Middle-Brook, Somerset County, East New-Jersey, took Fire, and in 3 Hours Time was entirely consumed, with all the Plate and Furniture. This unfortunate Gentleman by this Accident is reduced to Poverty.

The Sloop Mississippi, Capt. Goodrich, with a Company of General Lyman's Military Adventurers on board, is arrived at Pensacola.

Thursday last the Ship Mars, a Three-Decker, of 350 Tons, was launched at our Ship Yards: She is commanded by Capt. William Curtis, designed for the Jamaica and London Trade, was built by Messrs. Seamans, and is esteemed as complete a Ship as ever was built in this Province.

Saturday last arrived the Sloop Dilpatch, Sylvester Thompson Master, who informs, that he failed from Cape Fear, in North-Carolina; the 1st day of January last bound for New-York; that on the 19th of the said Month, being then to the Northward of Cape Hatteras, they met with a very hard Gale of Wind at N. N. E. which obliged them to put into Ocracoke; that on the 27th of the said Month, they failed from thence with a strong Gale at S. W. and proceeded as far as the Lat. 39. 5 North, Lon. 73. 48 West, where they met with a very severe Gale of Wind at W. N. W. which obliged them to lie to under a balanced reefed Main-sail; that about Half past seven the following Morning, the Wind blowing very hard, with a heavy sea, there came a Lull for the Space of three or four Minutes, and the Vessel, for Want of proper Drift, in the Lull shipped a heavy Sea in the Belly of the Main-sail, which over-set her, and carried away the Boat, Binnacle, Caboose, and every Thing on the Deck also a new Cable, and tore the Main-sail all to Pieces; that having shipped a great Quantity of Water in the Fore Scuttle, it carried away the Bulk Head of the Fore Cabin into the Hold, which obliged them to put back into Cape Fear, in Order to refit, &c.

At the Superior Court, which was held on the latter End of March, a Negro was tried, wherein Messrs. Clark and Nightingale, Merchants, were Plaintiff, and Charles Dudley, Esq. Collector of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of Rhode Island, Defendant. The Plaintiff proved the

Post Entry, sundry West India Goods, imported by them in June last, by which Means the said Goods were seized and forfeited. The Jury brought in a special Verdict, which was determined by the Court in Favour of the Plaintiffs, Five Hundred Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Seven Pence Sterling Damages, and Costs of suit. The Collector has appealed home.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated April 3, 1773.

"I likewise acquaint you, that I have seen John Wall executed Yesterday, for being in Connection with those who counterfeited the Paper Currency of this province; two others were hanged with him for that Fact. Wall was a hardened Villain, and I believe a great Rogue; as he hung on the Gallows, I had the Curiosity to take up his Cap, and saw, as I before heard, that he was cropp'd. Such Work as he and his fellow prisoners made the day before they were executed, was never known here before; they got off their Bolts in the Night, and made their Escape out of Goal, but were soon apprehended, and their Irons renewed; the next Morning (when they were to be executed) they had them off again, barred the Room they were confined in, bid Defiance to the Sheriff, and his party, and were determined to kill any person that should attempt to take them out; the Militia and the whole city was obliged to be got under arms. Wall and his two Fellows kept them off, and none dare go in. As they were to die at any Rate, Wall set fire to the Goal, and expected to die so; but the Inhabitants soon brought the Engines, and extinguished it. His next contrivance was thus: He got about two pounds of Powder from some malicious Fellow, put it in a Bottle, and had a Match to put it in when the Sheriff or any other person dare venture in. They thus kept the City in an Uproar for some Time; at last a Party sud broke in upon them, and according to Scheme, he fixed his Match to the Bottle, which he held in his Hand, but through the Mercy of Providence, the Powder did not take Fire. After which they were carried to the Gallows and executed according to their Desert. Wall seemed to die a Penitent, and sung Psalms at the Place of execution."

Monday Evening the Ship Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, arrived in 5 Weeks from the Downs, who on his Passage the 5th Inst. Lat. 37. 50, spoke with a Brig. Captain from Boston bound to Guadaloupe, out 7 Days; the 9th. Lat. 39. 4. the Ship Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Mefnard from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The Ship London, Capt. Chambers, and the Snow Sir William Johnson, Capt. Dean, failed the Day before Capt. Lawrence. Capt. Joseph Janeway, of this Place, came Passenger with Capt. Lawrence.

Yesterday Capt. Waterman, arrived from North-Carolina, who, on the 11th Instant, spoke with a Ship, Capt. Isaac Hall, from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The same Day the Brig Jamaica, Capt. Farquhar, arrived in 24 Days from Jamaica, who on his Passage spoke with the following Vessels, viz: March 26, Lat. 20 23, a Brig. Capt. Thomson, from Kingston, bound to South Carolina; 30th, Lat. 25 53, a Brig. Capt. John Adams from Green Island, bound to Boston; April 3d, a Brig from Kingston, bound to North Carolina; 5th, a Sloop from Jamaica, bound to North Carolina; 6th, Lat. 27 49, a Snow, Capt. Philip Stevens from Jamaica, bound to Georgia; 10th, a Ship, Captain Mason from London, bound to Philadelphia.

The same Day the Ship Rosamond, Capt. Millar arrived in 5 Weeks and 2 Days from London, with whom came Passengers, Mrs. Millar, Miss Edwards, Miss Evans and Mr. Lloyd Daubeny. Capt. Millar, the 26th March, Lat. 46 21, spoke a Ship from South Carolina, bound to Cowes.

ARRIVALS from NEW-YORK.

The New-York, Warren, at Bristol. Experiment, Robson, at Salem. Mercury Packet, Dillen, at Falmouth. Albany, Bunyan, and Samson, Coupar, at Braverford. Beaver, De Peylen, River, Buchanan, Meddy, Newry. Havana, Hamilton, at Dublin. and St. George, Griswold at Deal. From Philadelphia. Ketty, Davis, at Ferrol. Charming Polly, Cooper, at Liverpool. Johnny, Havas, at Londonderry. Lion, Hamilton, at Groyne. Severn, Hathorn, at Leghorn, after being on shore. Priscilla, Jones, at Cork. Prince George, Gumpel, at Galloway, and Peggy, Wilson, at Cadiz.

From Boston. Lydia, Hood; and Minerva Jenkins at Gravesend, and Dartmouth, Hall in the Downs.

To be SOLD,
A PARCEL of choice Jamaica Spirits now landing from on board the Brig Jamaica, Capt. Farquhar.

LONDON,

JOHN EARL OF

DUNMORE, CAPT.

OF THE

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